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(Original Signature of Member)

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. R.**

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to strengthen requirements related to nutrient information on food labels.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. SCHAKOWSKY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

**A BILL**

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to strengthen requirements related to nutrient information on food labels.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Transparency, Read-  
5 ability, Understandability, Truth, and Helpfulness in La-  
6 beling Act” or the “TRUTH in Labeling Act”.

7 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

8 Congress finds the following:

1           (1) The average American consumes substan-  
2           tially more added sugars, sodium, and saturated fat  
3           than is recommended by the Dietary Guidelines for  
4           Americans published under section 301 of the Na-  
5           tional Nutrition Monitoring and Related Research  
6           Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5341), potentially increasing  
7           their risk for hypertension, type-2 diabetes, and  
8           heart disease.

9           (2) A large body of experimental and real-world  
10          evidence has demonstrated that front-of-package la-  
11          bels that highlight high levels of added sugars, so-  
12          dium, and saturated fat can significantly improve  
13          the nutritional quality of foods that consumers pur-  
14          chase or select.

15          (3) Use of the nutrition facts label is lower  
16          among individuals with lower educational attainment  
17          and lower incomes, and robust research shows that  
18          front-of-package labels can be particularly beneficial  
19          for busy shoppers and for those with less nutrition  
20          literacy.

21          (4) Front-of-package nutrition labeling gives  
22          consumers quick and easy access to key information  
23          about the healthfulness of foods and can support  
24          healthier choices.

1           (5) Studies also show that front-of-package la-  
2           beling can improve consumers’ understanding of the  
3           relative healthfulness of different foods.

4   **SEC. 3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FRONT-OF-PACK-**  
5                           **AGE LABELING FOR FOODS.**

6           (a) INTERPRETIVE NUTRITION INFORMATION.—Sec-  
7           tion 403 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act  
8           (21 U.S.C. 343) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
9           lowing:

10           “(z)(1) Except as provided in subparagraphs (3), (4),  
11           and (5) of paragraph (q), if it is food intended for human  
12           consumption and is offered for sale and otherwise required  
13           to bear nutrition labeling, unless its principal display panel  
14           bears interpretive nutrition information.

15           “(2) Final regulations regarding the interpretive nu-  
16           trition information required under subparagraph (1) shall  
17           meet the following criteria:

18           “(A) There shall be a standardized symbol sys-  
19           tem that displays calorie information related to the  
20           serving size determined under paragraph (q)(1)(A)  
21           and interpretative nutrition information related to  
22           the content of any nutrients that the Secretary de-  
23           termines the highlighting of which will assist con-  
24           sumers in maintaining healthy dietary practices  
25           (such as added sugars, sodium, or saturated fat), in-

1 including by highlighting products containing high lev-  
2 els of such nutrients.

3 “(B) The information shall—

4 “(i) appear in a consistent location on the  
5 principal display panels across products;

6 “(ii) have a prominent design that visually  
7 contrasts with existing packaging design; and

8 “(iii) be sufficiently large to be easily leg-  
9 ible.

10 “(3) In promulgating regulations regarding the inter-  
11 pretive nutrition information required under subpara-  
12 graph (1) and the standardized symbol system required  
13 under subparagraph (2)(A), the Secretary shall take into  
14 account published reports by the Health and Medicine Di-  
15 vision of the National Academy of Sciences, Engineering,  
16 and Medicine regarding such information, and base regu-  
17 lations on the following principles:

18 “(A) Consumers should be able to quickly and  
19 easily comprehend the meaning of the system as an  
20 indicator of a product’s contribution to a healthy  
21 diet without requiring specific or sophisticated nutri-  
22 tional knowledge.

23 “(B) The nutrition information should be con-  
24 sistent with the Nutrition Facts Panel and with the

1 recommendations of the Dietary Guidelines for  
2 Americans.

3 “(C) The information should be provided to fa-  
4 cilitate consumer selection of healthy product op-  
5 tions, including among nutritionally at-risk sub-  
6 populations.

7 “(D) The Secretary should periodically evaluate  
8 the standardized symbol system to assess its effec-  
9 tiveness in providing information to facilitate con-  
10 sumer selection of healthy product options and the  
11 extent to which manufacturers are offering healthier  
12 products as a result of the disclosure.

13 “(E) The implementation of the information  
14 disclosure should be accompanied by appropriate  
15 consumer education and promotion campaigns deter-  
16 mined by the Secretary.”.

17 (b) REPORT.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after  
19 the effective date specified in final regulations issued  
20 by the Secretary pursuant to section 4(b), the Sec-  
21 retary of Health and Human Services (referred to in  
22 this Act as the “Secretary”) shall submit to Con-  
23 gress a report that—

24 (A) evaluates whether implementation of  
25 the amendment made by subsection (a) has

1           been associated with an increase in the preva-  
2           lence of products containing low- or no-calorie  
3           sweeteners in the United States food supply;  
4           and

5                   (B) describes actions that will be taken by  
6           the Secretary to quantify the levels of low- and  
7           no-calorie sweeteners in such products, if there  
8           has been an increase described in subparagraph  
9           (A).

10           (2) UPDATE.—Not later than 3 years after  
11          completion of the report described in paragraph (1),  
12          the Secretary shall submit to Congress an update to  
13          such report based on more recent data.

14   **SEC. 4. REGULATIONS.**

15          (a) PROPOSED REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1  
16          year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary  
17          shall issue proposed regulations to carry out the amend-  
18          ment made by section 3(a).

19          (b) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 2 years  
20          after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall  
21          finalize the regulations proposed pursuant to subsection  
22          (a), which regulations shall specify the date on which the  
23          amendment made by section 3(a) shall take effect.